

Neopox[®] Pro

Two-component, solvent-based epoxy coating for floors

Description

Two-component solvent-based epoxy coating, suitable for flooring applications. Suitable also for protection of metallic surfaces.

Fields of application

- Floors of industries, warehouses, parking & car service garages, laundries, stores
- Interior metallic surfaces

The above surfaces require appropriate preparation and priming prior to the application of Neopox[®] Pro.



Packing

Sets (A+B) of 12kg

Colour

Light grey

Properties - Advantages

- Increased resistance to abrasion and mechanical stress
- High adhesion strength on various construction surfaces
- Good resistance to alkalis and dilute acids, fresh water, sea water and many solvents
- Broad service temperature range
- Wide range of applications

Technical Characteristics

Mixing ratio A:B (by weight)	100:20
Density (EN ISO 2811-1)	1,40kg/L (±0,1)
Gloss (60°)	>95
Abrasion resistance (Taber Test, CS 10/1000/1000, ASTM D4060)	110mg
Adhesion strength (EN 1542)	≥2,5N/mm ²
Scratch hardness (Sclerometer Test - Elcometer 3092)	4N
Skid resistance (EN 13036-4, wet surface, with 2,5% w/w addition of Neotex [®] Antiskid M)	33 (PTV – slider 55)
Resistance to temperatures (dry loading, periodically)	-50°C min. / +140°C max.

Consumption: 330-360gr/m² for two layers (depending on the substrate)

Application conditions

Substrate moisture content	<4%
Relative air humidity (RH)	<70%
Application temperature (ambient - substrate)	+12°C min. / +35°C max.

Curing details

Pot life (+25°C, RH 50%)	1,5 hours
Dry to recoat (+25°C, RH 50%)	24 hours
Full hardening	~ 7 days

** Low temperatures and high humidity during application and/or curing prolong the above times, while high temperatures reduce them*

Appropriate primers on cementitious substrate

	Primer	Description - Details
Solvent-based	Epoxol® Primer	Two-component, solvent-based epoxy primer
Solvent-free	Epoxol® Primer SF	Two-component, solvent-free epoxy primer for flooring applications
	Epoxol® Primer SF-P	Two-component, solvent-free epoxy primer, ideal in cases of substrates with increased porosity
	Neopox® Primer WS	Two-component, solvent-free epoxy primer for wet surfaces (without ponding water or rising moisture)
	Neopox® Primer AY	Two-component, solvent-free anti-osmotic epoxy primer, for floors with rising moisture
Water-based	Acqua Primer	Two-component, water-based epoxy primer

Appropriate primers on metallic substrate (iron - steel)

Solvent-based	Neopox® Primer 815	Two-component, anticorrosive solvent-based epoxy primers suitable for metallic surfaces
	Neopox® Special Primer 1225	

Appropriate primers on galvanized substrate - stainless steel

Water-based	Neotex® Inox Primer	One-component, water-based primer, ideal for inox, aluminium, galvanized surfaces
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Instructions for use

Substrate preparation

Concrete

The concrete must be min. Grade C20/25, with a tensile strength of $\geq 1,5\text{MPa}$, and allowed to cure for at least 28 days, taking all the necessary maintenance measures during its curing period. The cementitious substrate must be properly prepared mechanically (e.g. grinding, shot blasting, milling etc.) to smooth out the irregularities, achieve an open-textured surface and ensure optimum adhesion.

The surface must be dry and protected from rising moisture, stable, clean and free of dust, grease, oil, etc. Loose friable material must be fully removed by brushing or sanding with a suitable machine and a high suction vacuum cleaner. The surface must be as smooth and flat as possible, as well as continuous (ie without voids, cracks etc.)

Repairs to the substrate, filling of joints, blowholes/voids and surface leveling must be carried out using appropriate repairing products, such as the pourable epoxy-cement mortar **Epoxol[®] CM** and the epoxy putty **Epoxol[®] Putty**, or/and a mixture of **Epoxol[®] Primer SF-P** and Quartz Sand M-32 (indicative mixing ratio 1:1-2 w/w), after proper priming.

Metallic surfaces (iron – steel)

The metallic surfaces must be properly prepared by sandblasting or sanding with a wire brush and should be dry, free of dust, dirt, greasy and oily substances, as well as any poorly adhering coatings. In rusty areas, it is recommended to locally apply the chemical rust converter **Neodur[®] Metalforce**. New metallic surfaces should be degreased with solvent **Neotex[®] 1021**.

Priming

For the stabilization of the substrate and sealing of pores, as well as for creating the optimum conditions for stronger adhesion and higher coverage of the subsequent epoxy coating, it is recommended to apply the solvent-based epoxy **Epoxol[®] Primer** or an alternative appropriate **NEOTEX[®]** primer (see table), depending on the substrate. In cases of substrates with increased porosity, an additional priming layer may be required.

Application

Smooth epoxy paint

Once the primer is dry to overcoat, it is recommended to apply the first layer of **Neopox[®] Pro** diluted 8% w/w with solvent **Neotex[®] 1021** by roller, brush or airless spray. The second layer is applied in the same way ~24 hours after the application of the first one (depending also on the atmospheric conditions), diluted 4-8% w/w with solvent **Neotex[®] 1021**. For any additional layers, **Neopox[®] Pro** shall be diluted 4% w/w with solvent **Neotex[®] 1021**.

The two components A & B are mixed in the predetermined ratio (100A : 20B w/w) and, after the addition of the solvent, they are stirred for app. 3-5 minutes with a low speed electric stirrer. It is important to stir thoroughly at the bottom of the container, as well as near the sides, so that the hardener (component B) is evenly distributed.

The mixture is left for a short time period in the container (~1 minute) and then applied. Prior to mixing, mechanical stirring of component A is recommended.

Consumption of **Neopox[®] Pro**: 0,33-0,36kg/m² in two layers

*Anti-slip epoxy paint with the addition of **Neotex[®] Antiskid M***

Once the primer is dry to overcoat, **Neopox[®] Pro** is applied as described above by roller, brush or airless spray. During the mixing process of **Neopox[®] Pro** prior to the application of the final layer of the system, the anti-slip additive

Neotex® Antiskid M is included in the mixture at a ratio of 1,5-2,5% w/w. Then, the mixture is stirred again with a low-speed electric stirrer for ~1 minute and **Neopox® Pro** is applied on the surface by roller or brush.

Consumption of **Neopox® Pro**: 0,33-0,36kg/m² in two layers

Anti-slip epoxy paint with broadcast of Quartz Sand M-32

After the priming and during the application of the first layer of **Neopox® Pro** diluted 8% w/w with solvent **Neotex® 1021**, it is recommended to broadcast Quartz Sand M-32 until saturation on the still fresh layer of **Neopox® Pro**, with an estimated sand consumption of 2-3kg/m². After drying, any loose grains should be removed with a high suction vacuum cleaner and any surface irregularities should be sanded down.

The surface is then sealed with **Neopox® Pro**, diluted 4-8% w/w with solvent **Neotex® 1021**, applied in 1 or 2 layers, depending on the desired slip resistance.

Consumption of **Neopox® Pro**: ~0,45-0,55kg/m² in two or three layers

Special notes

- **Neopox® Pro** should not be applied under wet conditions, or if wet conditions are expected to prevail during the application or the curing period of the product. Increased humidity may have a negative impact on the adhesion, the film properties and/or the final result (e.g. blurry surface, stickiness)
- The components should not have been stored at very low or very high temperatures, especially before mixing. Mixing and stirring of the mixture should be preferably done in the shade. The stirring of the mixture must be done mechanically and not manually with a rod, etc.
- Excessive stirring of the material should be avoided, in order to mitigate the risk of air entrapment. After stirring the mixture, it is recommended to apply the material shortly in order to avoid the development of high temperatures and potential hardening inside the can
- The substrate temperature must be at least 3°C above dew point to reduce the risk of condensation or blooming on the floor finish
- Due to the nature of the material, the direct and constant exposure of the final coating to UV radiation may cause the phenomenon of chalking over time
- In case that an extended period of time (>36 hours) has passed between successive layers, it is recommended to lightly sand the surface of the previous layer, in order to avoid possible adhesion problems of the next layer
- Prior to the application on existing epoxy coatings, light sanding of the whole surface is required
- Depending on the desired slip resistance, quartz broadcast may be done by using quartz sand of greater granulometry (e.g. 0,4-0,8mm). In such case, the number of sealing layers and total consumption may increase

Maintenance instructions

- In case of minor spills and stains, it is recommended to remove them as soon as possible by using a soft cloth along with warm clean water (temperature <+60°C)



- For the maintenance cleaning of the surface from dust and dirt, it is recommended to use a vacuum cleaner or a soft bristle broom. The use of hard brushes or wires to remove the stains should be avoided
- For cleaning the surface from hardened stains, it is recommended to use a hard foam mop with a solution of water and ammonia (~3% dilution). Then, rinse off with clean warm water (temperature <+60°C) and dry the surface with a soft towel
- In case of using commercial cleaning products, the use of neutral ones is recommended (pH between 7 and 10). Soaps or all-purpose cleaners containing water-soluble salts or harmful ingredients with high concentration in alkalis or acids should be avoided. Follow the manufacturer's recommendations with respect to the optimum dilution with water. In any case, the first time a commercial cleaning product is used, it is recommended that a trial is made in a small surface area

Appearance (cured)	Glossy
Colours	Light grey Tailor-made shades available, upon special arrangement
Packing	Sets (A+B) of 12kg in metal cans
Cleaning of tools – Stains removal	By Neotex® 1021 immediately after application. In case of hardened stains, by mechanical means
Volatile organic compounds (V.O.C.)	V.O.C. limit acc. to the E.U. Directive 2004/42/CE for this product of category AjSB “Two-Pack reactive performance coatings”: 500g/l (Limit 1.1.2010). V.O.C. content of the ready to use product <500g/l.
UFI code	<i>Component A:</i> YN70-90PR-5006-QFMU <i>Component B:</i> MR70-T0D4-F00P-CT6W
Storage stability	2 years, stored in its original sealed packing, protected from frost, humidity and exposure to sunlight

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